



Dielectrophoresis of Bacteria for Rapid Assessment of Antimicrobial Susceptibility 介電泳法應用於細菌之藥物感受性的快速評估

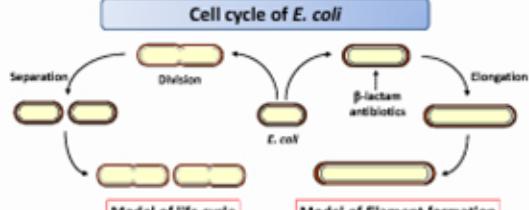


Cheng-Che Chung (鍾政哲), Prof. Hsien-Chang Chang (張憲彰 教授)

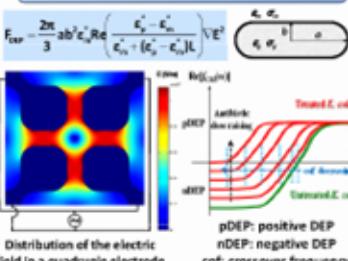
Institute of Nanotechnology and Microsystems Engineering, National Cheng Kung University

Introduction

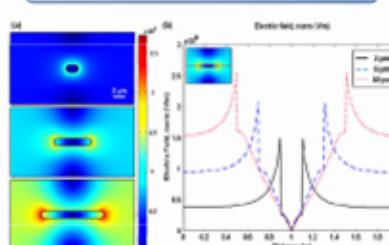
- We present a dielectrophoresis-based antimicrobial susceptibility testing (d-AST) to assess the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and discriminate the drug resistance within two hours.
- The urinary tract infection (UTI) is a bacterial infection that effects any part of the urinary tract. Most UTIs caused by Enterobacteriaceae species that include *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*, ~80%), *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and *Proteus mirabilis*.
- The cephalosporins (a class of β -lactam antibiotics), which are used to treat UTIs commonly, disrupt the synthesis of the peptidoglycan layer of bacterial cell walls.



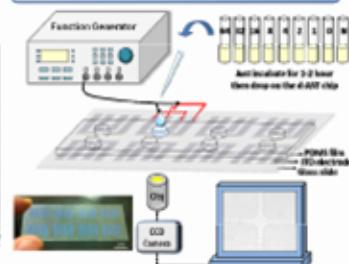
Dielectrophoresis (DEP)



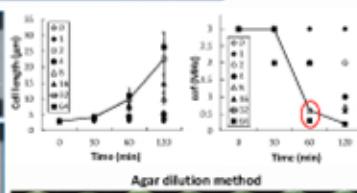
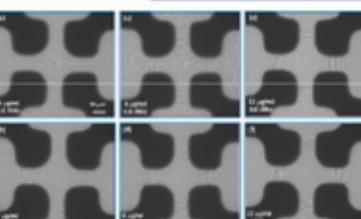
Induced electric fields of elongated cells



Configuration of d-AST system



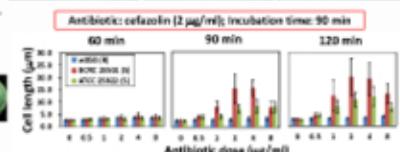
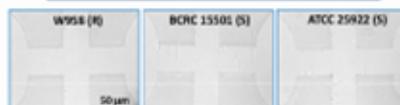
Assessment of antimicrobial susceptibility of *E. coli*



Bacteria: *E. coli* ATCC 25922; Incubation time: 30, 60, 120 min
Antibiotic: cephalaxin [1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 and 64 μ g/ml]

MIC value is between 32-64 μ g/ml.

Rapid screening of drug resistant *E. coli*



Summary

- To compare with the conventional methods (I-test, disk diffusion and broth dilution), the d-AST reduced the detection time from days to hours (1-2 hr).
- The approach can be used for other Gram-negative bacilli, like *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Proteus mirabilis*, and *Klebsiella pneumoniae* that also cause UTIs.
- The bacterial culture and drug delivery can be integrated into the microfluidic chip to achieve the "Lab-on-a-Chip".

Throughput

Paper: Cheng-Che Chung, I-Fang Cheng, Wen-Horng Yang, Hsien-Chang Chang, Antibiotic susceptibility test based on the dielectrophoretic behavior of elongated *Escherichia coli* with cephalaxin treatment, *Biomicrofluidics*, 5:021102, 2011.

Patent: 鍾政哲、鄭宜婷、楊文宏、張憲彰，微生物抗藥性與抗生素最小抑制濃度之檢測方法，中華民國專利，中華民國第100123735號。

Honor: 鍾政哲、鄭宜婷、陳盈廷、張憲彰，快速、簡易的細菌之藥敏分析晶片，2011年第八屆國家新創獎學生組第一名。